

## 003-003102

B.C.A. (CBCS) Sem.-I Examination

December-2014

**CS-02 : Problem Solving Methodology and Programming In C** 

(Old Course)

Faculty Code : 003 Subject Code : 003102

Time : 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Hours]

1.

Section-A Select the appropriate choice from given answers : The graphical representation of any problem is known as (1)(b) Flowchart Algorithm (a) (c) Chart (d) None of these The techniques which are used to solve any problem definition by analyzing any (2)problem are known as (b) Algorithmic techniques Programming techniques (a) (d) All of these (c) Pre-programming Tech. In dry run table, the columns headed with . (3)Column names (b) Constants (a) None of these (d) (c) Variable names (4)BCPL stands for Basic Common Programming Language (a) (b) Basic Contributing Pre-Prog. Language Basic combined Programming Language (c) (d) None of these (5) Keywords are also known as (b) Special words Tokens (a) Identifiers Reserved words (d) (c)(6) When we want to unconditionally branch in a program \_\_\_\_\_\_ is used. (a) if...else switch ... case (b) (d) else if ladder (c) goto statement In switch case construct is used to transfer the control out of switch case. (7)default (a) continue (b) (d) none of these (c) break

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**P.T.O.** 

[Total Marks : 70

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(8)	Which pre processor is used to include header file ?						
	(a)	include	(b)	# include			
	(c)	# define	(d)	define			
(9)	Whi	Which header file should be included to use puts()?					
	(a)	stdio.h	(b)	conio.h			
	(c)	math.h	(d)	string.h			
(10)	Func	ction declaration means		<u>.</u>			
	(a)	Declaration	(b)	Definition			
	(c)	Execution	(d)	Prototype			
(11)	The function calling contains arguments.						
	(a)	Formal	(b)	Actual			
	(c)	(a) and (b) both	(d)	Dummy			
(12)	) The Array Index always starts from						
	(a)	1	(b)	n			
	(c)	0	(d)	Depends on size			
(13)	(13) Character Array =						
	(a)	String	(b)	Array of Characters			
	(c)	Characters	(d)	None of these			
(14)	is a collection of elements having different datatype.						
	(a)	Array	(b)	Structure			
	(c)	UDF	(d)	None of these			
(15)	Stru	ct stud					
	{						
	int r	oll_no;					
	char	nm[20];					
	};						
	Here	e roll_no & nm is					
	(a)	Variables	(b)	Constants			
	(c)	Structure variable	(d)	Members of structure			
(16)	A st	ructure can be used to store	•				
	(a)	Multiple Values	(b)	Record			
	(c)	One value	(d)	None of these			
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(17) struct Employee

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		{						
			int e_id;					
			char nm [20];		•			
			char desg[25];					
		};						
		struc	et Employee E;					
		Wha	/hat is the size of the variable E?					
		(a)	2 bytes	(b)	4 bytes			
		(c)	47 bytes	(d)	None of these			
	(18)	Deci	laration of the structure type	variabl	e as an array type means ?			
		(a)	Array within structure	(b)	Array of structure			
		(c)	Structure within Array	(d)	None of these			
	(19)		To associate the members of the structure with structure variable operator is used.					
		(a)	[.] dot	(b)	[*]			
		(c)	[=]	(d)	None of these			
	(20)	Which function is used to clear the previous output from the output screen ?						
		(a)	clrser ()	(b)	clrscr ()			
		(c)	fflush ( )	(d)	gets ()			
			Se	ction-B	l de la constante de			
1.	(a)	Attempt the following (any three) :						
		(1)	What is pre-programming Technique ? List out the pre-programming tools.					
		(2)	What is an Algorithm ? What are the facilities provided by the algorithm ?					
		(3)	What is Language Translator ? List out all.					
		(4)	What is constant? List out the types of constant.					
		(5)	What is an operator ? List out all the operators available in C.					
		(6)	What is Decision Making Statement ? List out all the Decision Making Statements.					
	(b)	Atte	mpt the following (any thre	e):		9		
		(1)	What is Flowchart? Expla	in with	all the available symbols.			
		(2)	What is keyboard? List ou	ıt all.				
		(3)	Explain : Conditional operator with an example.					
		(4)	Explain : Character Array.					
		(5)	Explain : Pre-processors					
		(6)	Explain : #define					
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- (c) Attempt the following (any two) :
  - (1) List out all the tokens available in C and explain any three tokens in brief.

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- (2) List out various control structure. Explain switch.. case in brief.
- (3) Explain scope of variable.
- (4) Explain : Array within structure.
- (5) Explain : character array and any two built-in functions for handling it.
- 2. (a) Attempt the following (any three) :
  - (1) Explain : Dry Run Table
  - (2) Explain : "C is a Middle Level Language."
  - (3) Explain symbolic constant.
  - (4) What is Data type ? List out all the basic Data types.
  - (5) Write a code for 1, 10, 2, 9, 3, 8, 4, 7, 5, 6
  - (6) Explain the working of if ..... else with an appropriate example.
  - (b) Attempt the following (any three) :
    - (1) Explain the compilation process of C program.
    - (2) Explain : Constant & explain anyone with an example.
    - (3) What is UDF ? Explain Function without argument without return value with an example.
    - (4) Accept 10 numbers in an array sort it and display it.
    - (5) Explain : Modular Programming.
    - (6) What is Token ? Explain any one with example.
  - (c) Attempt the following (any two) :
    - (1) Explain basic structure of C program.
    - (2) Explain : for loop with an example.
    - (3) Accept one number from user and find if it is Armstrong or not.
    - (4) Get a character in lower case form user and display it in upper case.
    - (5) Explain : Storage Classes

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